

# **JASA U10 Cub Rules**

Effective Date: June 1, 2025

## **Law 1 – The Field of Play**

Dimensions: The field of play must be rectangular. The length of the touchline must be greater than the length of the goal line.

Length: 55 yards (165 feet)    Width: 40 yards (120 feet)    Other Dimensions: See JASA Field Chart

Field Markings: Distinctive lines not more than 5 inches wide. The field of play is divided into two halves by the halfway line. The center mark is indicated at the midpoint of the halfway line.

Goals: Goals must be placed on the center of each goal line. They consist of two upright posts equidistant from the corners and joined at the top by a horizontal crossbar. Goals must be anchored securely to the ground.

## **Law 2 – The Ball**

Size: Size four (4)

## **Law 3 – Players**

Number of Players: A total of six (6) field players plus a goalkeeper making seven (7) total players on the field for each team.

Substitutions: Substitutions can be made at any stoppage in play (injury stoppage, ball goes out of bounds, goal is scored, etc.).

Playing Time: Each player shall play a minimum of 50% of the total playing time unless medically or otherwise restricted to do so.

## **Law 4 – Player Equipment**

All players are REQUIRED to wear shin guards which conform to FIFA standards for player safety. Non-uniform clothing is allowed based on weather conditions as long as uniform color is still distinguishable. Hoods attached to sweatshirts must be tucked in under the jersey to prevent being pulled. JEWELRY IS PROHIBITED! This includes but is not limited to earrings, nose rings, necklaces, and bracelets.

## **Law 5 – The Referee**

JASA will provide one (1) US Soccer certified referee for all games. This referee will be responsible for keeping time, calling fouls and misconduct via the laws of the game, and helping

foster a safe and fun environment for all players, coaches, and parents. The referee has final say on all matters pertaining to the game. Player, parent, or coach misconduct WILL NOT be tolerated and will be dealt with by the JASA Board of Directors when necessary and may result in further disciplinary action up to and including permanent removal from JASA facilities and/or programs.

### **Law 6 – The Assistant Referee**

None at this age group. See Law 5.

### **Law 7 – Duration of the Match**

The match shall be divided into two (2) halves of twenty (20) minutes. There shall be a five (5) minute break between the first and second halves (halftime).

### **Law 8 – The Start and Restart of Play**

A kickoff is performed at the beginning of each quarter from the center circle. Before the start of the game the Referee will call for team captains from each team and a coin toss will be performed to determine possession of the first kickoff. A kickoff is also performed after any goal scored and is taken by the team that was scored against. Kickoffs are considered an “Indirect Kick” which means the team kicking is not able to score directly off the kickoff. The ball must be touched by a second player before it can be scored.

### **Law 9 – The Ball In and Out of Play**

The ball will be considered “out of play” when the entire ball completely crosses over either the goal line or the touch line.

### **Law 10 – Method of Scoring**

The entire ball must cross the goal line between the two goal posts and under the crossbar to count as a goal. If the ball does not fully cross the goal line between the goal posts and under the crossbar, it is not a goal and play continues.

### **Law 11 – Offsides**

Offsides will be called when a player is deemed in an offside position by the referee when the ball is played. Referees will be instructed that this rule is to be enforced when the offsides infraction is obvious or persistent as it is difficult for one referee to manage.

A player shall be considered in an offsides position if they are positioned between the second to last defender and the opposing team’s goal line as well as past the build-out line. Players may be in an offsides position, but if a ball is played towards them, they would be called for offsides.

## **Law 12 – Fouls and Misconduct**

Conform to FIFA and IFAB instruction with the exception that all fouls shall initially result in the player receiving tempered instructions on the nature of their foul from the referee as well as the corresponding restart that correlates with their foul per FIFA and IFAB instruction. Cards will only be awarded by the Referee in cases of serious foul play, striking, spitting or repeated, excessive fouling.

## **Law 13 – Free Kicks**

Free kicks will be awarded at the discretion of the Referee based on fouls committed during the run of play. See Law 12.

## **Law 14 – The Penalty Kick**

Penalty kicks will be awarded if a foul is committed inside the Penalty Area as deemed by the Referee. See Law 12.

## **Law 15 – Throw-Ins**

Any ball that is kicked or touched out of bounds over the touchline will be awarded a throw-in to the opponents of the player who last touched the ball before it completely crossed the touchline. The player throwing it in will have two (2) attempts to legally throw the ball in-bounds. The player must keep both feet on the ground, behind the touchline and the ball must come over their head completely to constitute a legal throw. If the player is unable to perform a legal throw after two (2) attempts the throw-in is awarded to the opposing team. They will be afforded the same two (2) attempts and if not done correctly the original team will retain the throw again. This will continue until a legal throw is performed.

## **Law 16 – Goal Kick**

Any ball that is kicked or touched out of bounds by the attacking team over the goal line but not within the frame of the goal will be a goal kick to the defending team. The ball must be placed inside the goal box (the smaller box in front of the goal) and kicked from the ground by a defending team's player. The opposing team must retreat behind the build-out line (dashed line between the center circle and penalty box) and may not cross the line until a player from the defending team touches the ball after the goal kick. If the ball crosses the build-out line before a second defending team player touches the ball play is resumed as normal.

## **Law 17 – Corner Kick**

Any ball that is kicked or touched out of bounds by the defending team over the goal line but not within the frame of the goal will be a corner kick to the attacking team. The ball must be placed inside the 2ft arc on the side of the field closest to where the ball went out. The ball

is in play when it is touched and clearly moves from this position. A goal may be scored directly from a corner kick.

## **Law 18 – The Build Out Line**

To encourage players to build out from the back of the field, JASA uses the “Build Out Line” for all Goal Kicks and whenever the goalkeeper gains possession of the ball with their hands. Players from the attacking team must retreat behind the Build Out Line (dashed line between the center circle and penalty box) as soon as the goalkeeper gains possession or the ball goes out of bounds for a goal kick. The attacking team players must retreat and remain behind the line until either (a) a second player from the defending team touches the ball AFTER the goalkeeper kicks it into play, or (b) the ball is kicked passed the Build Out Line, in which case active play is resumed and anyone can touch the ball.

## **Misc. Notes**

Any ball that is caught or stopped by the goalkeeper with their hands or arms will be considered to be in possession by the goalkeeper. The attacking team’s players must retreat behind the build-out line (see Law 18). The goalie may release the ball into play by either throwing the ball or placing it on the ground and kicking it to a teammate. NO PUNTING!

The goalkeeper will be in possession of the ball if he or she has control of the ball with his hands or arms. If the goalkeeper has the ball pinned to the ground with any part of his or her hands or arms, they will be considered in possession and if any player kicks or attempts to kick the ball out of their control a direct free kick to the goalkeeper’s team will be awarded.

Lastly: there are NO HEADERS permitted in this age group. Per health and safety guidelines and US Soccer guidelines, players are not permitted to head the ball until they are in the U12 age group.

The purpose of these age-specific rules is to promote touches on the ball and more free play of the game by the players while beginning to teach them the laws of the game. Having fun and being safe are paramount while learning the game of soccer.